

GCE

Biology

Unit F211: Cells, Exchange and Transport

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2016

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Description
GM	Point already given (i.e. Given max)
~~~	Underline (for ambiguous / contradictory wording)
I	Ignore
<b>~</b>	Correct response
^	Omission
0	Marking point partially met
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
3	Irrelevant response
ECF	Error carried forward
CON	Contradiction
×	Incorrect response

## F211 Mark Scheme June 2016

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
(1)	Separates marking points
reject	Answers which are not worthy of credit
not	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
(cell) very small  OR large surface area to volume ratio;		IGNORE low, activity / metabolic rate IGNORE not very big / small (unless qualified) ACCEPT microscopic ACCEPT larger SA:Vol (ratio)	
short diffusion pathway; idea that diffusion sufficient / fast enough, to supply (all) needs;	max 2		
nucleus; (contractile / food) vacuole;	max 1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks	
phospholipids / phospholipid bilayer ;	1	Mark the first answer. IGNORE cholesterol DO NOT CREDIT phosphate / heads ACCEPT phospholipid tails / lipid tails / fatty acids	
	(cell) very small OR large surface area to volume ratio;  short diffusion pathway; idea that diffusion sufficient / fast enough, to supply (all) needs;  nucleus; (contractile / food) vacuole;	(cell) very small OR large surface area to volume ratio;  short diffusion pathway; idea that diffusion sufficient / fast enough, to supply (all) needs;  max 2  nucleus; (contractile / food) vacuole;  max 1	

Que	estion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(ii)			Mark the first two answers. If two correct responses are given followed by one or two incorrect responses or which contradict the correct answers then = 1 or 0 marks
		control what, enters / leaves, the organelles;		<b>IGNORE</b> ref to control of materials entering / leaving <u>cell</u> / ref. to barrier with outside
		(contains receptors to) detect changes in environment;		ACCEPT cell, communication / signalling / recognition
		compartmentalisation;		ACCEPT separate, organelles/ DNA / food / enzymes,
		site for, enzymes / electron carriers / components of metabolic pathways ;		IGNORE ref to increases surface area
		create concentration gradients;		
		form pseudopodia;	max 2	
(6	d) (i)	exocytosis;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks  DO NOT CREDIT pinocytosis / pino(exocytosis)

Questic	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(ii)	burst / lysis / plasma membrane would rupture;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT haemolysis DO NOT CREDIT plasmolysis
(e)		WP of -100 solution higher than -400 / ORA;		IGNORE refs to hyper / hypo tonic solutions ACCEPT -100 less negative than -400 Note: response must contain clear ref to both -100 solution and -400 solution
		(at -100kPa) water potential gradient steeper / described / ORA;		
		(at -100kPa) water enters Amoeba more quickly / ORA;	max 2	ACCEPT more water enters  Note: ref to osmosis being more rapid only valid if direction of water movement is clear
		Total	10	

	Quest	tion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)		(ability to continue) dividing;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
	(b)		move / waft / sweep, mucus ;		Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			produce / release / secrete , mucus ; constrict the (named) airways ;		DO NOT CREDIT excrete  CREDIT narrows lumen / reduces diameter of airway IGNORE controls, diameter / air flow
			provide, thin barrier / short diffusion distance;	4	IGNORE smooth lining / reduces diffusion distance IGNORE thin, surface / cells, for diffusion
	(c)		transport / movement / mass flow, of, assimilates / sucrose / amino acids;		IGNORE ref to (organic) solutes / food / glucose / sugars
			from source to sink / description;	2	e.g. from cells / tissues / site where produced to cells / tissues / site where used  ACCEPT named source AND sink
			Total	7	

C	Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a)		Z;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
	(b)		Fig. 3.1(a) (no mark)		Please place a green blob on paper
			shows surface view; 3D / three dimensional; better <u>resolution</u> (than b);	max 2	Do not allow mp 2 if fig 3.1 b selected Do not allow mp 3 if fig 3.1 b selected Must be comparative comment
	(c)		cell walls; plasmodesma(ta); endodermis / endodermal;		
			Casparian strip;	4	DO NOT CREDIT Caspian / Caspiran
	(d)	(i)	C;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
		(ii)	small(er) <u>surface area</u> means less, evaporation / transpiration ;	1	Mark independent of (d)(i) Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks IGNORE less water loss / fewer stomata DO NOT CREDIT small surface area to volume ratio DO NOT CREDIT no, transpiration / evaporation

C	uestic	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
		(iii)	thick (waxy) cuticle; few stomata; stomata, sunken / in pits; hairs / hairy; leaf, curled / rolled; dense spongy mesophyll; closure of stomata, during day / when water availability low;	max 1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
	(e)		water vapour around the, stomata / leaf surface, is blown away;  reduces water (vapour) potential around, stomata;  idea of: increases / maintains, water (vapour) potential gradient (between air space in leaf and outside);		IGNORE moisture (for all mark points) ACCEPT boundary layer reduced ACCEPT evaporated water as water vapour  ACCEPT relative humidity for water potential  IGNORE diffusion gradient / concentration gradient
				max 2	
			Total	12	

C	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
4	(a)		create / provide / increase contrast;		IGNORE clearer ACCEPT (named) organelle(s) stand out from surroundings
			make, cells / (named) component(s), visible OR cells / (named) components, can be, identified / distinguished / differentiated;	2	ACCEPT regions / parts / AW, of cell
	(b)	(i)	anaphase;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(ii)			ACCEPT chromatid for chromosome throughout Note: There is no mark for naming phases, but if phase is mentioned and description is incorrect for named phase then DO NOT CREDIT Accept mp 1-5 in prophase, mp 6 metaphase, mp 7 anaphase mp 8 in any phase IGNORE ref to events in telophase and cytokinesis, as they occur after anaphase
	1. chromosomes coil / supercoil / condense;		ACCEPT chromatin
	2. nuclear envelope disintegrates;		ACCEPT nuclear membrane IGNORE dissolves
	3. nucleolus, no longer visible / disappears;		IGNOTIE dissolves
	4. centrioles move to opposite, ends of cell / poles;		
	5. chromosomes attached to <b>spindle</b> fibres at <b>centromere</b> ;		
	6. chromosomes align at equator;		DO NOT CREDIT pairs of chromosomes line up ACCEPT pairs of chromatids line up
	7. chromosomes move towards opposite, poles / ends of cell;		ACCLI I pairs of cirromatics line up
	8. spindle fibres change length / shorten; max 4		IGNORE spindle fibres contract
	QWC; max 1	max 5	Place a green blob next to each word and a tick next to the pencil.  Award if any two terms spelt correctly and used in correct context from:  chromosomes / chromatids / chromatin  supercoil nucleolus  condense centromere  nuclear envelope (but not membrane)  centriole pole  spindle equator

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(c)				For mp 1 & 2 where candidates link events to S & G phases then description must be correct for phase. S phase is DNA synthesis only G phases contain protein synthesis, increasing numbers of organelles, growth, increased respiration and checking of DNA.
			DNA / genetic material, replicated / synthesised / checked;		IGNORE chromosomes replicate / DNA copied / DNA doubles
			cell growth / increased respiration / protein synthesis / increase in number of organelles ;		ACCEPT more ATP
			cytokinesis / cell surface membrane constricts / cytoplasm splits in two / cell plate forms (plants);		
			ref to G and S phases;		ACCEPT Gap or 'growth' for G and Synthesis for S throughout ACCEPT in context of diagram
				max 3	
			Total	11	

Q	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(a)		must remain small OR cannot grow tall / large / big; no support from vascular tissues / vascular bundles / xylem; use only diffusion / no mass flow / no rapid transport; diffusion too slow (to enable substances to move large distances); idea of: short diffusion pathway / large surface area to volume ratio;	Max 2	

Question	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
(b)	1. idea of water lost by evaporation / transpiration / evapotranspiration;		
	2. (water moves by) <b>symplast</b> and <b>apoplast</b> pathways;		DO NOT CREDIT mp 2 – 7 in context of water uptake
			DO NOT CREDIT mp 3-7 in context of movement in xylem either stated or implied
	3. through / along cell walls by, capillary action / adhesion (apoplast pathway);		AWARD <b>only</b> where it is clear that the movement is in context of apoplast.
	(water loss) reduces the water potential of (leaf) cells;		ACCEPT ψ
	water moves from higher water potential to lower water potential / down water potential gradient (symplast pathway);		
	3. by osmosis (symplast pathway);		IGNORE osmosis if used in context of apoplast pathway
	4. through <b>plasmodesmata</b> (symplast pathway) ; max 3		
	QWC; max 1		Place a green blob next to each word and a tick next to the pencil.  Award if any two terms spelt correctly and used in correct context from:  apoplast osmosis
			symplast adhesion
			capillary action plasmodesmata evaporation (allow correct derivatives)
			transpiration evapotranspiration
		max 4	water potential water potential gradient

(	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(c)	(i)	group of cells;		ACCEPT cells derived from same stem cell source
			working together / performing a function;	2	
		(ii)	palisade (mesophyll); spongy mesophyll; guard cells; (upper / lower) epidermal cells;		Mark the first two answers. If two correct responses are given followed by one or two incorrect responses or which contradict the correct answers then = 1 or 0 marks
			AVP;	2 max	e.g. parenchyma, collenchyma, sclerenchyma
			Total	10	

Question		ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
6	(a)		14 000 / 120 = 117 μm ;;		length of line A-B = 14mm / 14000 μm  Correct answer = 2 marks.
					Allow one mark if correct working shown including units for cm & mm
					e.g. 1.4 cm / 120
					14 mm / 120
					14000 / 120
					If answer = 125 μm allow one mark for correct working but
					incorrect measurement (15mm instead of 14)
				2	Allow one mark if not rounded to nearest micrometre
	(b)		<b>F</b> ;		
			<b>A</b> ;		
			<b>B</b> or <b>D</b> ;		
			E;	4	

Quest	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	(i)	a line drawn across the ventricles;	1	ACCEPT any line between those shown below
	(ii)	K = right ventricle;		
		L = (interventricular) septum;		ACCEPT septem
		M = (left) ventricle wall / cardiac muscle / myocardium;	3	IGNORE ventricle
		Total	10	

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